



NAME _____ DATE _____

SENTENCES (COMPOUND SENTENCES)

Notes:

Compound Sentence: There are two or more clauses of equal importance in a compound sentence. A compound sentence is formed when two or more independent clauses are joined by coordinating conjunctions like and, but, for, yet, so, or nor etc..... Sometimes two independent clauses are separated by a semicolon to form a compound sentence.

Example: The child was scared; therefore it became sick.

Fill in the blanks with suitable conjunctions given in the help box to make meaningful compound sentences.

Examples:

Help Box:

but, nor, and

a) The red horse galloped, and the rider was thrown.

b) She can't speak, nor can she hear.



c) Grandpa lost his hand stick, but he could find it later.



Help Box:

or, but

1) You must start early, _____ put off your meeting.



2) The landlord is rich, _____ he is thrifty.

